



Genetics of Bere barley – A valuable genetic resource for the future?

Joanne Russell, Tim George, Allan Booth, Lawrie Brown, Luke Ramsay, Peter Martin*, John Wishart*, Sidsel Birkelund Schmidt#

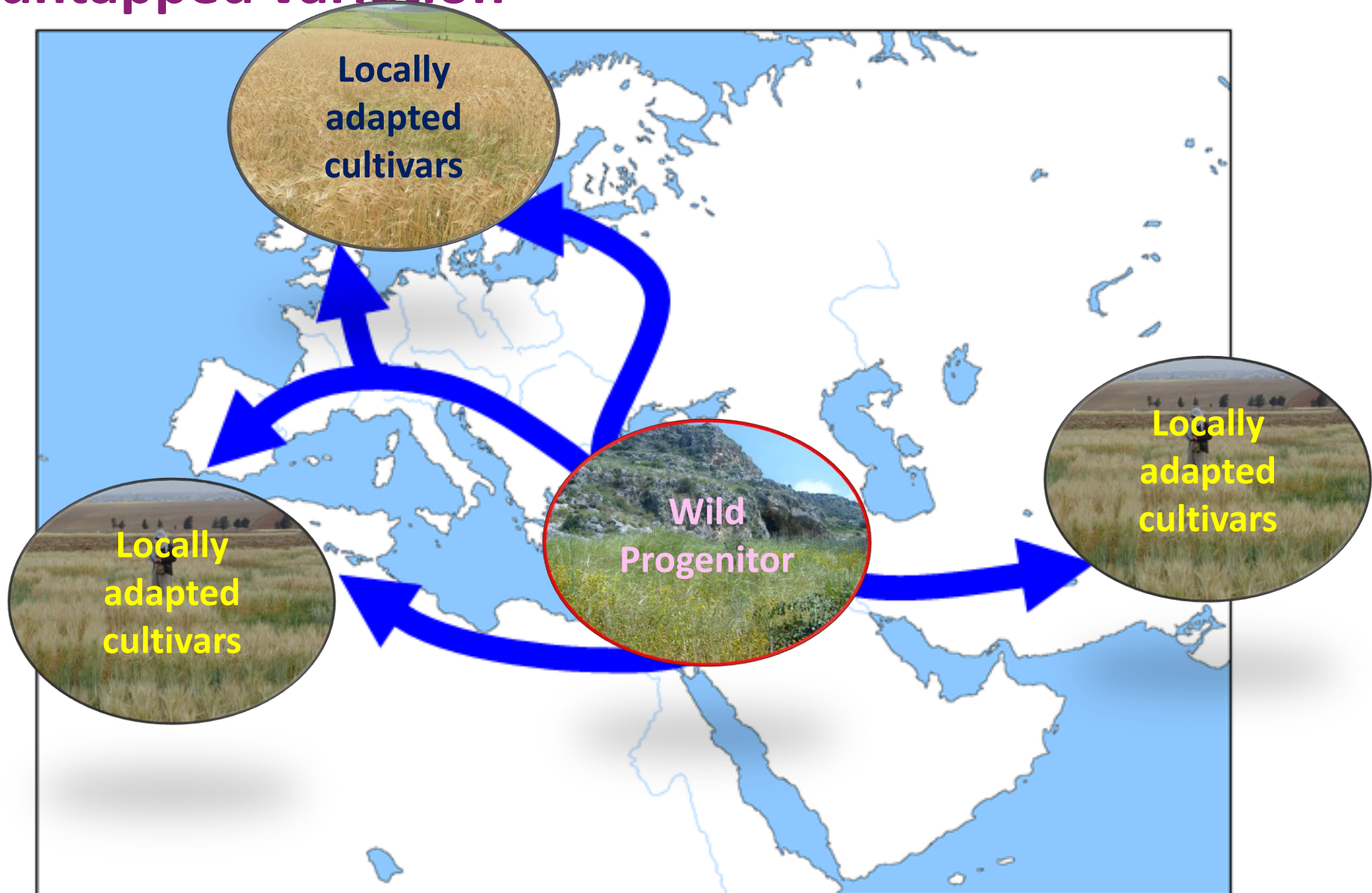
*Agronomy Institute, Orkney

#University of Copenhagen, Marie Curie Fellow





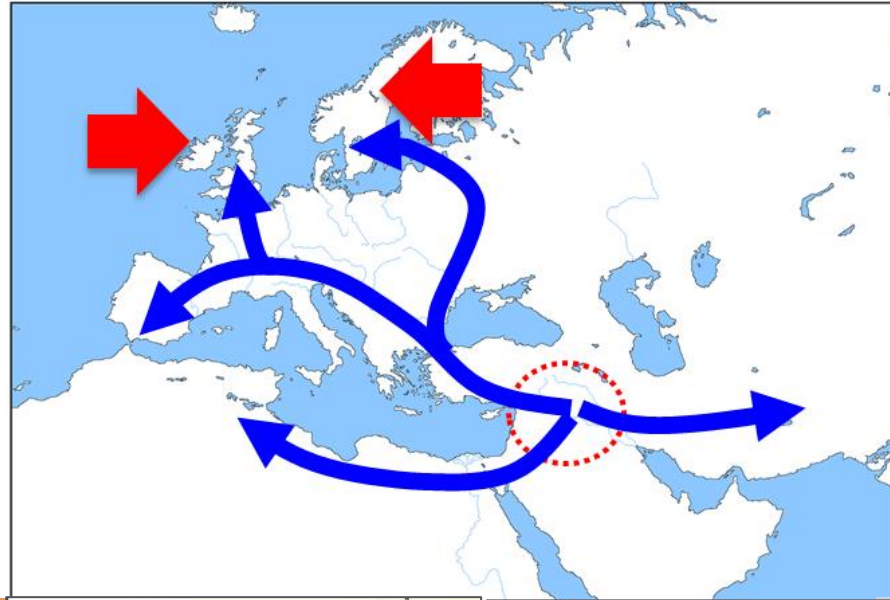
Large collections of barley landraces – novel sources of untapped variation



Assembled Heritage collection (150 accessions)

2 row landraces
From UK

6 row landraces
From Scotland & Scandinavia



SCOTTISH PLANT BREEDING STATION : BARLEY MUSEUM				No 7038 12.0	
VARIETY	NAKED (steeped) 2-row	TYPE	2 R.	CODE	
PEDIGREE		OTHER COLLECTORS	CELL	07	
DONOR	W665, STOKERIDGE, GD	ACCESSION DATE	1936	COUNTRY	
REVEALER OR ORIGIN		HABITAT			
AGRONOMY, PRODUCTION, BIOLOGY, ETC		MORPHOLOGY I: JUVENILE		MORPHOLOGY I: JUVENILE	
1 Days to maturity	41	5 10 Coleoptile	54	11 1000 corn weight	57.94 gms
2 Days to an emergence	41	17 Root	54	12 Mean no. tillers/plant	3.4
3 Flowering habit		18 Leaf colour	54	13 Mean no. grains/ear	12.5
4 1000 corn weight	57.94 gms	19 Leaf length	57	14 Percent fertility	83.5%
5 Mean no. tillers/plant	3.4	20 Leaf width	57	15 Ear grouping	5
6 Mean no. grains/ear	12.5	21 Leaf width intensity	57	16 Lodging	5/1
7 Percent fertility	83.5%	22 Leaf width intensity	57	17 Borneability	5/1
8 Ear grouping	5	23 Leaf tip drop	57	18 Phenol reaction	
9 Lodging	5/1	24 Sheath pigment	57	19 Uppermost node length	1.7
10 Borneability	5/1	25 Sheath hairs	57	20 Uppermost node form	5/1
11 Phenol reaction		26 Leaf node hairs	57	21 Uppermost node constriction	5/1
12 Uppermost node length	1.7	27 Node pigment	57	22 Flg length	57
13 Uppermost node form	5/1	28 Uppermost node length	1.7	23 Flg width	57
14 Uppermost node constriction	5/1	29 Uppermost node form	5/1	24 Auricle shape	57
15 Flg length	57	30 Uppermost node constriction	5/1	25 Auricle pigment	57
16 Flg width	57	31 Flg length at emergence	57	26 Ear colour	57
17 Auricle shape	57	32 Flg width	57	27 Awn pigment	57
18 Auricle pigment	57	33 Flg width	57	28 Leaf sheath wax	57
19 Ear colour	57	34 Auricle shape	57	29 Dull wax	57
20 Awn pigment	57	35 Auricle pigment	57	30 Ear wax	57
21 Leaf sheath wax	57	36 Ear colour	57		
22 Dull wax	57	37 Awn pigment	57		
23 Ear wax	57	38 Leaf sheath wax	57		
		39 Dull wax	57		
		40 Ear wax	57		
BIOCHEMICAL DATA					
MURALE SENSITIVE: 6-54					
MURALE ENERGY 14%					
B-GALACTAN 14.1%					
NS 2.1%					
SPECIAL NOTES					

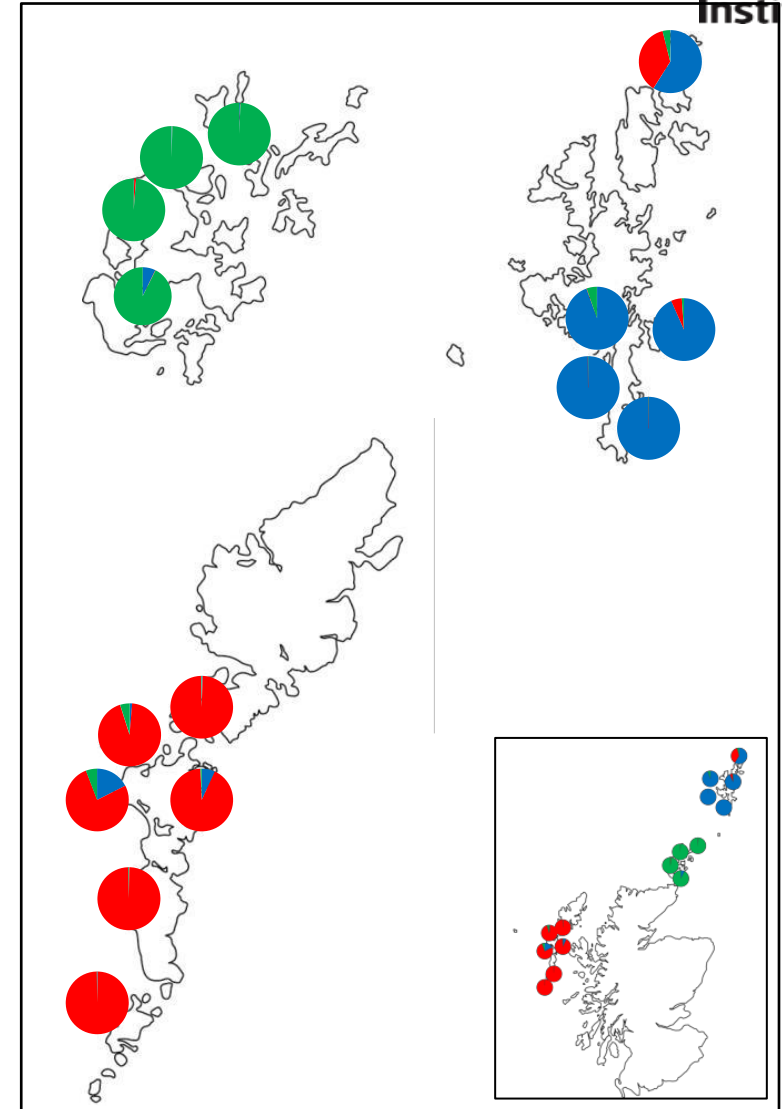
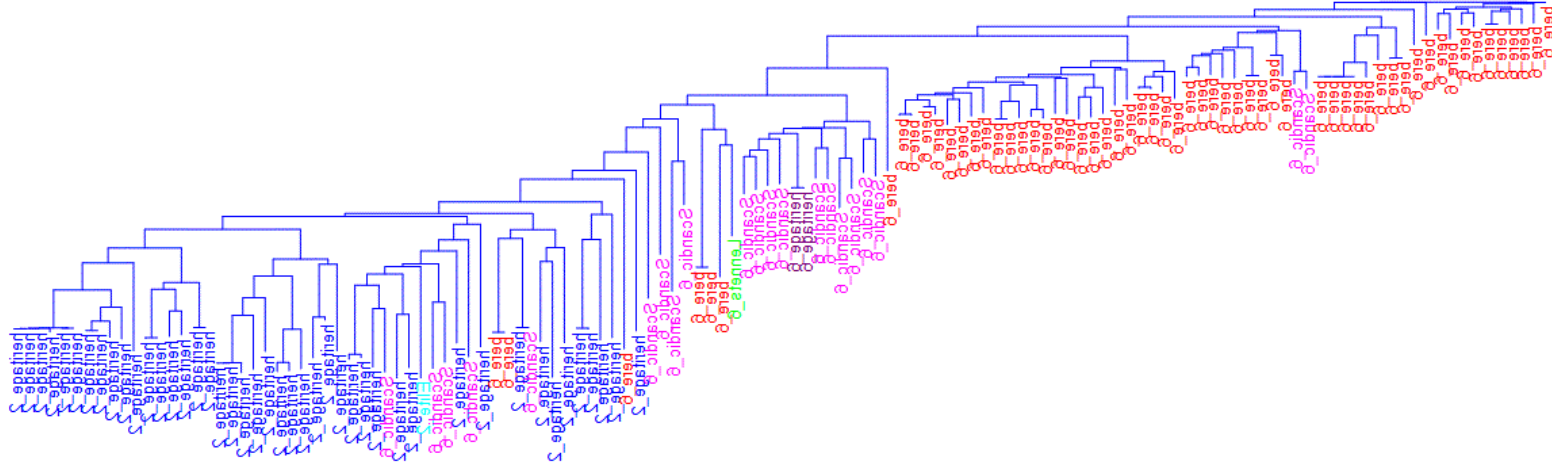




Unique diversity: Geographically distinct



The James
Hutton
Institute



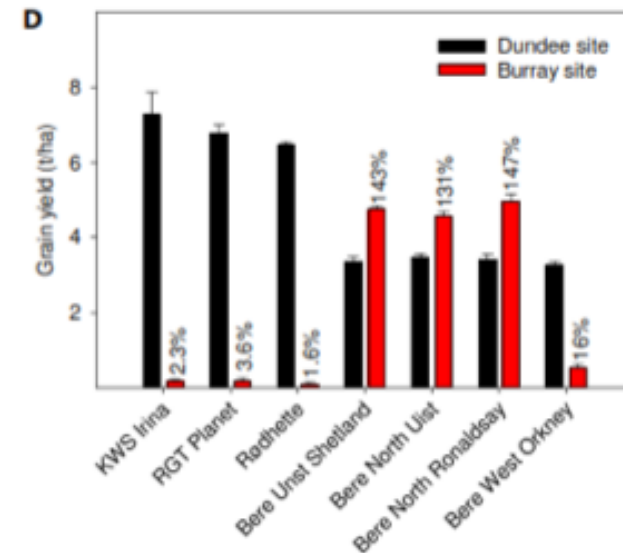
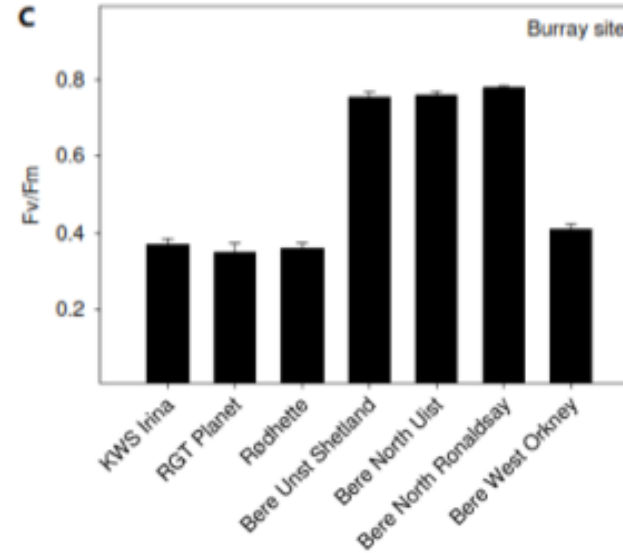


Burray Field location low pH soils



The James
Hutton
Institute

Using the variation nutrient efficiency traits





Using the variation of tolerance to develop new breeding material



Orkney Bere

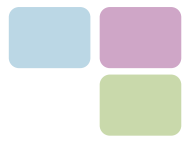
X



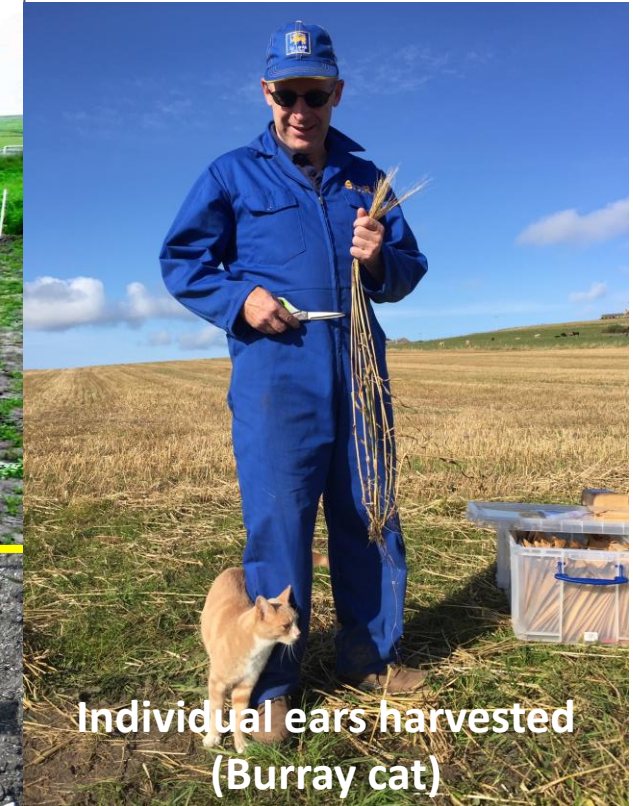
Elite Cultivar

- **Tolerant to nutrient deficient soils**
- **Early flowering and harvest**
- **Novel malting quality**

- **High yield**
- **Good quality**
- **Uniform**



Genetic dissection of Mn efficiency: Selection in the field (Burray, Orkney)-2018





Using the variation of tolerance to develop new breeding material-Multiplied from single seeds 6 generations (2020)



➡ Bere parent, early, tolerant and unique quality and flavour

➡ Elite parent, KWS Irina, good quality, high yielding

Heritage collections



- **Unique combinations of diversity locally adapted**
- **Ability to identify variation at almost all genes in barley**
- **Via breeding methods and genotyping novel germplasm tailored to different and a changing environment**
- **Efficient use of micronutrient providing useful variation for marginal soils and sustainability**
- **Conservation via utilisation as well as stored in genebanks**
- **Makes great whisky, beer and bannocks!**



Thank you

